

# Tennessee

## Changes in federal discretionary grant-in-aid spending, fiscal years 2001-11

(Budget authority in thousands of dollars)

Function and program	Actual FY2001 (\$000)	Change in spending under Bush budget compared to baseline			
		FY2002		FY2011	
		Change (\$000)	Change (%)	Change (\$000)	Change (%)
<b>State Total</b>	\$2,240,851	-\$187,747	-7.9%	-\$384,494	-12.0%
National Defense	\$2,537	-\$165	-6.2%	-\$409	-11.4%
Energy	\$3,535	\$1,987	52.7%	\$3,704	76.9%
Natural Resources and Environment	\$62,802	-\$13,218	-20.2%	-\$27,566	-30.7%
EPA - Drinking Water SRF Grants	\$10,454	-\$460	-4.2%	-\$2,519	-16.9%
Environmental Protection Agency	\$35,976	-\$12,295	-32.7%	-\$21,406	-41.6%
Agriculture	\$22,452	-\$1,746	-7.4%	-\$4,210	-13.1%
Transportation	\$707,439	-\$81,919	-11.1%	-\$188,682	-18.4%
Airport Improvement Program	\$44,471	-\$555	-1.2%	-\$6,022	-9.3%
FTA - Section 3 Discretionary Grants	\$18,080	-\$40	-0.2%	-\$2,212	-8.4%
FTA - Section 9 Formula Grants	\$21,217	\$1,012	4.6%	-\$1,250	-4.1%
Highways Aid	\$613,817	-\$82,553	-12.9%	-\$178,297	-20.0%
Community and Regional Development	\$129,690	-\$4,710	-3.5%	-\$10,108	-5.8%
Appalachian Regional Commission	\$59,496	-\$1,562	-2.5%	-\$3,878	-4.9%
Community Development Block Grant	\$61,396	-\$2,087	-3.3%	-\$4,605	-5.6%
FEMA - Disaster Relief	\$0				
Education, Training, Employment and Social Services	\$864,810	-\$12,626	-1.4%	-\$47,143	-4.0%
Adult Education Basic Grant	\$11,511	-\$712	-5.8%	-\$1,310	-8.3%
Child Care & Development Block Grant	\$41,244	\$1,567	3.6%	\$474	0.8%
Class Size & Teacher Financing	\$27,141	-\$28,824	-100.0%	-\$37,157	-100.0%
College Work-Study	\$17,764	-\$1,101	-5.8%	-\$2,025	-8.3%
Community Services Block Grant	\$11,749	-\$728	-5.8%	-\$1,339	-8.3%
Comprehensive Education -- Title I	\$145,910	-\$8,392	-5.4%	-\$15,812	-7.9%
Dislocated Workers	\$12,772	-\$2,455	-18.1%	-\$3,543	-20.3%
Drug-Free Schools & Communities State Grants	\$7,312	\$1,017	13.1%	\$1,012	10.1%
Employment Services Administration	\$13,708	-\$850	-5.8%	-\$1,563	-8.3%
Head Start	\$108,776	-\$4,551	-3.9%	-\$9,648	-6.5%
Impact Aid	\$2,268	-\$263	-10.9%	-\$413	-13.3%
Job Training Partnership Act	\$16,307	-\$1,869	-10.8%	-\$2,936	-13.2%
Pell Grants	\$166,000	-\$3,392	-1.9%	-\$10,265	-4.5%
School Renovation Grants	\$17,372	-\$18,449	-100.0%	-\$23,782	-100.0%
Special Education	\$141,946	\$10,559	7.0%	\$8,115	4.2%
Supplemental Educ. Opportunity Grants	\$11,330	-\$702	-5.8%	-\$1,292	-8.3%
Vocational Education	\$24,765	-\$1,531	-5.8%	-\$2,818	-8.3%
WIA Youth Opportunity Grants	\$19,488	-\$3,703	-17.9%	-\$5,353	-20.1%
Health	\$104,361	-\$1,146	-1.1%	\$6,337	4.5%
AIDS Comprehensive Care - Title II	\$12,886	-\$464	-3.5%	\$335	1.9%
AIDS Emergency Assistance - Title I	\$0				
Consolidated Health Centers	\$22,710	\$1,501	6.4%	\$3,808	12.3%
Maternal & Child Health Block Grant	\$12,444	-\$448	-3.5%	\$324	1.9%
Mental Health Block Grant	\$7,945	-\$286	-3.5%	\$207	1.9%
Substance Abuse Prevention & Treatment	\$28,299	-\$1,018	-3.5%	\$736	1.9%
Income Security	\$310,219	-\$60,091	-16.9%	-\$94,120	-19.2%
Home Investment	\$29,824	-\$6,829	-20.0%	-\$10,454	-22.2%
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	\$18,998	-\$2,793	-12.8%	-\$4,579	-15.3%
Operation of Low-Income Housing	\$89,378	-\$8,991	-8.8%	-\$15,998	-11.4%
Public Housing Capital Fund	\$75,330	-\$28,699	-33.2%	-\$41,703	-35.1%
WIC/Supplemental Feeding Program	\$80,844	-\$10,593	-11.4%	-\$17,758	-13.9%
Administration of Justice	\$31,797	-\$13,749	-41.1%	-\$21,594	-46.0%
E. Byrne Drug Control System Improvement Grants	\$9,543	-\$261	-2.6%	-\$1,518	-10.8%
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	\$59	-\$34	-55.4%	-\$52	-59.1%
General Government	\$1,208	-\$365	-28.7%	-\$703	-38.6%

Notes: The Bush spending proposal is compared with the baseline spending level for FY2002 and 2011. The baseline employed is a per capita real baseline, meaning spending is adjusted for inflation (which varies by function) and population growth. A positive number is an increase over the baseline. A negative number is a "cut," or a reduction relative to the baseline. The inflation estimates are from the Congressional Budget Office. The population growth estimates are from the Census Bureau.

Source: EPI analysis of FISS data.