

Michigan

Changes in federal discretionary grant-in-aid spending, fiscal years 2001-11

(Budget authority in thousands of dollars)

Function and program	Actual FY2001 (\$000)	Change in spending under Bush budget compared to baseline			
		FY2002		FY2011	
		Change (\$000)	Change (%)	Change (\$000)	Change (%)
State Total	\$4,033,802	-\$520,662	-12.2%	-\$910,035	-16.0%
National Defense	\$3,883	-\$253	-6.2%	-\$625	-11.4%
Energy	\$11,558	\$7,301	59.3%	\$13,298	84.5%
Natural Resources and Environment	\$141,673	-\$37,284	-25.2%	-\$71,063	-35.1%
EPA - Drinking Water SRF Grants	\$22,916	-\$1,008	-4.2%	-\$5,523	-16.9%
Environmental Protection Agency	\$92,971	-\$35,724	-36.8%	-\$60,018	-45.1%
Agriculture	\$24,106	-\$6,159	-24.5%	-\$10,043	-29.1%
Transportation	\$1,151,183	-\$118,011	-9.8%	-\$287,598	-17.2%
Airport Improvement Program	\$101,733	-\$1,271	-1.2%	-\$13,775	-9.3%
FTA - Section 3 Discretionary Grants	\$20,317	-\$45	-0.2%	-\$2,486	-8.4%
FTA - Section 9 Formula Grants	\$60,669	\$2,894	4.6%	-\$3,574	-4.1%
Highways Aid	\$953,269	-\$119,842	-12.0%	-\$266,267	-19.3%
Community and Regional Development	\$417,038	-\$249,074	-57.8%	-\$329,125	-58.8%
Appalachian Regional Commission	\$0				
Community Development Block Grant	\$166,671	-\$5,667	-3.3%	-\$12,500	-5.6%
FEMA - Disaster Relief	\$233,620	-\$241,563	-100.0%	-\$313,752	-100.0%
Education, Training, Employment and Social Services	\$1,633,385	-\$18,577	-1.1%	-\$82,426	-3.7%
Adult Education Basic Grant	\$15,160	-\$937	-5.8%	-\$1,725	-8.3%
Child Care & Development Block Grant	\$56,874	\$2,161	3.6%	\$654	0.8%
Class Size & Teacher Financing	\$68,003	-\$72,219	-100.0%	-\$93,096	-100.0%
College Work-Study	\$29,485	-\$1,828	-5.8%	-\$3,361	-8.3%
Community Services Block Grant	\$22,089	-\$1,370	-5.8%	-\$2,518	-8.3%
Comprehensive Education -- Title I	\$379,064	-\$12,591	-3.1%	-\$29,521	-5.7%
Dislocated Workers	\$21,932	-\$4,215	-18.1%	-\$6,084	-20.3%
Drug-Free Schools & Communities State Grants	\$16,257	\$2,667	15.4%	\$2,758	12.4%
Employment Services Administration	\$24,236	-\$1,503	-5.8%	-\$2,763	-8.3%
Head Start	\$224,116	-\$9,377	-3.9%	-\$19,879	-6.5%
Impact Aid	\$3,084	-\$364	-11.1%	-\$568	-13.5%
Job Training Partnership Act	\$24,550	-\$2,814	-10.8%	-\$4,420	-13.2%
Pell Grants	\$230,300	-\$4,979	-2.0%	-\$14,583	-4.6%
School Renovation Grants	\$43,891	-\$46,612	-100.0%	-\$60,086	-100.0%
Special Education	\$241,933	\$22,445	8.7%	\$19,413	5.9%
Supplemental Educ. Opportunity Grants	\$22,989	-\$1,425	-5.8%	-\$2,621	-8.3%
Vocational Education	\$42,024	-\$2,598	-5.8%	-\$4,782	-8.3%
WIA Youth Opportunity Grants	\$29,775	-\$5,658	-17.9%	-\$8,178	-20.1%
Health	\$181,186	-\$2,497	-1.3%	\$10,299	4.2%
AIDS Comprehensive Care - Title II	\$12,389	-\$446	-3.5%	\$322	1.9%
AIDS Emergency Assistance - Title I	\$7,613	-\$274	-3.5%	\$198	1.9%
Consolidated Health Centers	\$28,560	\$1,887	6.4%	\$4,789	12.3%
Maternal & Child Health Block Grant	\$21,152	-\$761	-3.5%	\$550	1.9%
Mental Health Block Grant	\$13,278	-\$478	-3.5%	\$345	1.9%
Substance Abuse Prevention & Treatment	\$57,214	-\$2,059	-3.5%	\$1,489	1.9%
Income Security	\$414,861	-\$74,874	-15.7%	-\$118,538	-18.1%
Home Investment	\$66,471	-\$15,381	-20.2%	-\$23,514	-22.4%
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	\$75,572	-\$11,109	-12.8%	-\$18,213	-15.3%
Operation of Low-Income Housing	\$52,152	-\$5,246	-8.8%	-\$9,335	-11.4%
Public Housing Capital Fund	\$54,344	-\$20,704	-33.2%	-\$30,085	-35.1%
WIC/Supplemental Feeding Program	\$115,321	-\$15,110	-11.4%	-\$25,331	-13.9%
Administration of Justice	\$52,907	-\$20,623	-37.0%	-\$33,038	-42.3%
E. Byrne Drug Control System Improvement Grants	\$16,192	-\$443	-2.6%	-\$2,575	-10.8%
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	\$2,877	-\$1,678	-55.4%	-\$2,511	-59.1%
General Government	\$2,020	-\$610	-28.7%	-\$1,176	-38.6%

Notes: The Bush spending proposal is compared with the baseline spending level for FY2002 and 2011. The baseline employed is a per capita real baseline, meaning spending is adjusted for inflation (which varies by function) and population growth. A positive number is an increase over the baseline. A negative number is a "cut," or a reduction relative to the baseline. The inflation estimates are from the Congressional Budget Office. The population growth estimates are from the Census Bureau.

Source: EPI analysis of FISS data.