

# Maryland

## Changes in federal discretionary grant-in-aid spending, fiscal years 2001-11

(Budget authority in thousands of dollars)

Function and program	Actual FY2001 (\$000)	Change in spending under Bush budget compared to baseline			
		FY2002		FY2011	
		Change (\$000)	Change (%)	Change (\$000)	Change (%)
<b>State Total</b>	\$1,895,408	-\$126,920	-6.3%	-\$283,333	-10.5%
National Defense	\$2,403	-\$157	-6.2%	-\$387	-11.4%
Energy	\$2,480	\$1,246	47.1%	\$2,378	70.4%
Natural Resources and Environment	\$73,606	-\$20,513	-26.7%	-\$38,278	-36.4%
EPA - Drinking Water SRF Grants	\$7,789	-\$343	-4.2%	-\$1,877	-16.9%
Environmental Protection Agency	\$50,004	-\$18,799	-36.0%	-\$31,787	-44.5%
Agriculture	\$11,391	-\$1,262	-10.6%	-\$2,620	-16.1%
Transportation	\$623,851	-\$56,159	-8.6%	-\$145,949	-16.1%
Airport Improvement Program	\$29,979	-\$374	-1.2%	-\$4,059	-9.3%
FTA - Section 3 Discretionary Grants	\$53,131	-\$118	-0.2%	-\$6,501	-8.4%
FTA - Section 9 Formula Grants	\$73,419	\$3,502	4.6%	-\$4,325	-4.1%
Highways Aid	\$460,458	-\$59,231	-12.3%	-\$130,323	-19.5%
Community and Regional Development	\$78,679	-\$2,720	-3.3%	-\$5,957	-5.6%
Appalachian Regional Commission	\$9,252	-\$360	-3.8%	-\$751	-6.0%
Community Development Block Grant	\$66,861	-\$2,273	-3.3%	-\$5,015	-5.6%
FEMA - Disaster Relief	\$0				
Education, Training, Employment and Social Services	\$711,050	\$4,028	0.5%	-\$20,677	-2.1%
Adult Education Basic Grant	\$7,675	-\$474	-5.8%	-\$873	-8.3%
Child Care & Development Block Grant	\$26,483	\$1,006	3.6%	\$305	0.8%
Class Size & Teacher Financing	\$23,650	-\$25,117	-100.0%	-\$32,377	-100.0%
College Work-Study	\$14,955	-\$927	-5.8%	-\$1,705	-8.3%
Community Services Block Grant	\$8,184	-\$507	-5.8%	-\$933	-8.3%
Comprehensive Education -- Title I	\$133,428	\$3,057	2.2%	-\$992	-0.5%
Dislocated Workers	\$17,560	-\$3,375	-18.1%	-\$4,871	-20.3%
Drug-Free Schools & Communities State Grants	\$6,640	\$1,674	23.7%	\$1,860	20.5%
Employment Services Administration	\$13,608	-\$844	-5.8%	-\$1,551	-8.3%
Head Start	\$72,427	-\$3,030	-3.9%	-\$6,424	-6.5%
Impact Aid	\$7,310	-\$841	-10.8%	-\$1,320	-13.2%
Job Training Partnership Act	\$12,197	-\$1,398	-10.8%	-\$2,196	-13.2%
Pell Grants	\$123,600	-\$2,563	-2.0%	-\$7,690	-4.5%
School Renovation Grants	\$14,190	-\$15,070	-100.0%	-\$19,426	-100.0%
Special Education	\$124,903	\$9,199	6.9%	\$7,025	4.1%
Supplemental Educ. Opportunity Grants	\$10,346	-\$641	-5.8%	-\$1,179	-8.3%
Vocational Education	\$17,570	-\$1,086	-5.8%	-\$1,999	-8.3%
WIA Youth Opportunity Grants	\$13,673	-\$2,598	-17.9%	-\$3,756	-20.1%
Health	\$133,338	-\$2,855	-2.1%	\$6,166	3.4%
AIDS Comprehensive Care - Title II	\$25,568	-\$920	-3.5%	\$665	1.9%
AIDS Emergency Assistance - Title I	\$16,698	-\$601	-3.5%	\$434	1.9%
Consolidated Health Centers	\$17,068	\$1,128	6.4%	\$2,862	12.3%
Maternal & Child Health Block Grant	\$12,087	-\$435	-3.5%	\$314	1.9%
Mental Health Block Grant	\$8,384	-\$302	-3.5%	\$218	1.9%
Substance Abuse Prevention & Treatment	\$31,079	-\$1,118	-3.5%	\$809	1.9%
Income Security	\$234,074	-\$42,465	-15.8%	-\$67,175	-18.2%
Home Investment	\$25,449	-\$5,942	-20.4%	-\$9,073	-22.6%
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	\$22,020	-\$3,237	-12.8%	-\$5,307	-15.3%
Operation of Low-Income Housing	\$76,127	-\$7,658	-8.8%	-\$13,626	-11.4%
Public Housing Capital Fund	\$45,316	-\$17,264	-33.2%	-\$25,087	-35.1%
WIC/Supplemental Feeding Program	\$49,240	-\$6,452	-11.4%	-\$10,816	-13.9%
Administration of Justice	\$24,455	-\$6,039	-23.5%	-\$10,785	-29.9%
E. Byrne Drug Control System Improvement Grants	\$9,069	-\$248	-2.6%	-\$1,442	-10.8%
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	\$1,084	-\$632	-55.4%	-\$946	-59.1%
General Government	\$81	-\$25	-28.7%	-\$47	-38.6%

Notes: The Bush spending proposal is compared with the baseline spending level for FY2002 and 2011. The baseline employed is a per capita real baseline, meaning spending is adjusted for inflation (which varies by function) and population growth. A positive number is an increase over the baseline. A negative number is a "cut," or a reduction relative to the baseline. The inflation estimates are from the Congressional Budget Office. The population growth estimates are from the Census Bureau.

Source: EPI analysis of FISS data.