

Arizona

Changes in federal discretionary grant-in-aid spending, fiscal years 2001-11

(Budget authority in thousands of dollars)

Function and program	Actual FY2001 (\$000)	Change in spending under Bush budget compared to baseline			
		FY2002		FY2011	
		Change (\$000)	Change (%)	Change (\$000)	Change (%)
State Total	\$1,990,792	-\$109,527	-5.2%	-\$270,262	-9.6%
National Defense	\$2,410	-\$157	-6.2%	-\$388	-11.4%
Energy	\$1,452	\$627	40.5%	\$1,241	62.7%
Natural Resources and Environment	\$48,418	-\$8,301	-16.4%	-\$19,006	-27.5%
EPA - Drinking Water SRF Grants	\$7,938	-\$349	-4.2%	-\$1,913	-16.9%
Environmental Protection Agency	\$26,539	-\$7,776	-28.1%	-\$14,253	-37.6%
Agriculture	\$7,510	-\$1,703	-21.7%	-\$2,850	-26.5%
Transportation	\$632,244	-\$62,708	-9.5%	-\$155,276	-16.9%
Airport Improvement Program	\$66,161	-\$826	-1.2%	-\$8,959	-9.3%
FTA - Section 3 Discretionary Grants	\$23,725	-\$53	-0.2%	-\$2,903	-8.4%
FTA - Section 9 Formula Grants	\$32,964	\$1,572	4.6%	-\$1,942	-4.1%
Highways Aid	\$504,377	-\$63,459	-12.0%	-\$140,947	-19.3%
Community and Regional Development	\$71,739	-\$12,472	-16.8%	-\$18,102	-18.8%
Appalachian Regional Commission	\$0				
Community Development Block Grant	\$54,730	-\$1,861	-3.3%	-\$4,105	-5.6%
FEMA - Disaster Relief	\$9,357	-\$9,675	-100.0%	-\$12,567	-100.0%
Education, Training, Employment and Social Services	\$931,196	\$25,799	2.6%	-\$1,322	-0.1%
Adult Education Basic Grant	\$5,950	-\$368	-5.8%	-\$677	-8.3%
Child Care & Development Block Grant	\$41,683	\$1,584	3.6%	\$479	0.8%
Class Size & Teacher Financing	\$23,681	-\$25,150	-100.0%	-\$32,420	-100.0%
College Work-Study	\$10,819	-\$671	-5.8%	-\$1,233	-8.3%
Community Services Block Grant	\$4,872	-\$302	-5.8%	-\$555	-8.3%
Comprehensive Education -- Title I	\$152,244	\$2,510	1.6%	-\$2,359	-1.1%
Dislocated Workers	\$12,879	-\$2,475	-18.1%	-\$3,572	-20.3%
Drug-Free Schools & Communities State Grants	\$7,087	\$1,510	20.1%	\$1,638	16.9%
Employment Services Administration	\$11,719	-\$727	-5.8%	-\$1,336	-8.3%
Head Start	\$86,813	-\$3,632	-3.9%	-\$7,700	-6.5%
Impact Aid	\$132,811	\$26,030	18.5%	\$27,861	15.3%
Job Training Partnership Act	\$17,399	-\$1,994	-10.8%	-\$3,133	-13.2%
Pell Grants	\$178,600	-\$3,673	-1.9%	-\$11,073	-4.5%
School Renovation Grants	\$16,746	-\$17,785	-100.0%	-\$22,926	-100.0%
Special Education	\$105,216	\$9,428	8.4%	\$8,024	5.6%
Supplemental Educ. Opportunity Grants	\$9,365	-\$581	-5.8%	-\$1,068	-8.3%
Vocational Education	\$22,166	-\$1,371	-5.8%	-\$2,522	-8.3%
WIA Youth Opportunity Grants	\$19,506	-\$3,707	-17.9%	-\$5,358	-20.1%
Health	\$91,347	-\$1,004	-1.1%	\$5,546	4.5%
AIDS Comprehensive Care - Title II	\$9,267	-\$334	-3.5%	\$241	1.9%
AIDS Emergency Assistance - Title I	\$6,576	-\$237	-3.5%	\$171	1.9%
Consolidated Health Centers	\$20,002	\$1,322	6.4%	\$3,354	12.3%
Maternal & Child Health Block Grant	\$7,197	-\$259	-3.5%	\$187	1.9%
Mental Health Block Grant	\$6,657	-\$240	-3.5%	\$173	1.9%
Substance Abuse Prevention & Treatment	\$27,465	-\$988	-3.5%	\$715	1.9%
Income Security	\$142,990	-\$24,111	-14.7%	-\$38,590	-17.1%
Home Investment	\$21,512	-\$5,015	-20.3%	-\$7,660	-22.6%
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	\$5,700	-\$838	-12.8%	-\$1,374	-15.3%
Operation of Low-Income Housing	\$15,547	-\$1,564	-8.8%	-\$2,783	-11.4%
Public Housing Capital Fund	\$13,467	-\$5,131	-33.2%	-\$7,455	-35.1%
WIC/Supplemental Feeding Program	\$66,149	-\$8,667	-11.4%	-\$14,530	-13.9%
Administration of Justice	\$45,057	-\$20,536	-43.3%	-\$31,953	-48.0%
E. Byrne Drug Control System Improvement Grants	\$8,472	-\$232	-2.6%	-\$1,348	-10.8%
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	\$17,831	-\$10,398	-55.4%	-\$15,561	-59.1%
General Government	\$16,428	-\$4,961	-28.7%	-\$9,561	-38.6%

Notes: The Bush spending proposal is compared with the baseline spending level for FY2002 and 2011. The baseline employed is a per capita real baseline, meaning spending is adjusted for inflation (which varies by function) and population growth. A positive number is an increase over the baseline. A negative number is a "cut," or a reduction relative to the baseline. The inflation estimates are from the Congressional Budget Office. The population growth estimates are from the Census Bureau.

Source: EPI analysis of FISS data.