

Table 3A

Workers directly affected by a federal minimum wage increase to \$7.25 by state

UNITED STATES	4.1%	5,329,000		
NORTHEAST			SOUTH	
<i>New England</i>			<i>South Atlantic</i>	
Maine	*	*	Delaware	* *
New Hampshire	2.5%	16,000	Maryland	2.4% 64,000
Vermont	*	*	District of Columbia	* *
Massachusetts	*	*	Virginia	4.8% 172,000
Rhode Island	*	*	West Virginia	8.4% 59,000
Connecticut	*	*	North Carolina	5.6% 211,000
			South Carolina	10.0% 179,000
<i>Middle Atlantic</i>			Georgia	5.2% 207,000
New York	3.9%	314,000	Florida	2.5% 207,000
New Jersey	3.2%	129,000		
Pennsylvania	5.5%	308,000	<i>East South Central</i>	
MIDWEST			Kentucky	7.5% 133,000
<i>East North Central</i>			Tennessee	6.2% 151,000
Ohio	6.6%	337,000	Alabama	6.3% 126,000
Indiana	5.0%	143,000	Mississippi	12.8% 139,000
Illinois	*	*		
Michigan	*	*	<i>West South Central</i>	
Wisconsin	4.7%	124,000	Arkansas	9.4% 113,000
			Louisiana	14.2% 274,000
<i>West North Central</i>			Oklahoma	7.6% 113,000
Minnesota	3.2%	81,000	Texas	8.5% 863,000
Iowa	*	*	WEST	
Missouri	6.8%	178,000	<i>Mountain</i>	
North Dakota	7.2%	21,000	Montana	8.2% 33,000
South Dakota	8.2%	29,000	Idaho	6.2% 39,000
Nebraska	6.2%	53,000	Wyoming	7.1% 17,000
Kansas	8.3%	105,000	Colorado	3.9% 85,000
			New Mexico	* *
			Arizona	5.7% 148,000
			Utah	7.5% 81,000
			Nevada	4.7% 54,000
			<i>Pacific</i>	
			Washington	* *
			Oregon	* *
			California	* *
			Alaska	* *
			Hawaii	* *

* Insufficient sample size to estimate. In these cases, higher state minimum wages lessen the impact of a federal increase.

Source: EPI analysis of 2005 Current Population Survey data